Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

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☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.*

For SALE or CHARTER,
THE SHIP
MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

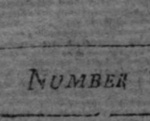
—

THE SHIP
DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

—

THE BRIG
AMAZON,



Burthen 1,300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.

For terms apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale
on board sundry vessels at MARCUS-HOOK,
12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of coleothard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
a quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
91 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
20 bales of sail canvass
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8½cwt each
14 do. 4 feet, 1cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
12 trunks painted calicoes
6 bales of whits and coloured cassimeres
1 bale of course woollens
English nails assorted.
October 27. fri. &sat. tf.

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.

Who has For Sale,

TWO
Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—
The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Ced r frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.
The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.
☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
august 3 §

Ship Brokers.

This Establishment, commenced by the late Mr. Samuel Smith, will be continued by
ROW & SIMMONS,
WHO respectfully acquaint the Merchants, Traders, and Masters of vessels; that no pains or exertions shall be wanting to give general satisfaction. This business will be conducted at their Store, No. 107, South Water Street, near to the Custom House.
October 27 dtf

For Sale, or Charter,
THE DANISH BRIG

LOUISA,

NOW lying at Burlington, a very fast sailer.—For terms apply to
JACOB SHOEMAKER.
WHO HAS FOR SALE,
Her cargo, of about 2,000 bushels of St. Martin's Salt.
10 mo. 24th, '98 dtor.

Wanted to Charter,
FOR BALTIMORE,

A SMALL VESSEL,
FROM four to five hundred barrels Burden.
PETER BLIGHT.
Whose COUNTING HOUSE
has opened, as usual, this day.
nov. diw

ELLISTON & JOHN FEROT,
Have for Sale, at
No. 41, NORTH WATER-STREET,

Muscovado Sugar	Bandana Handkerchiefs
Copper in sheets & nails	Madeira Wine
Copper Ore	Soal Leather and
Lignum Vitæ	A few barrels Shad and
Sail Canvass	Herrings
Oznabrigs	

Also For Sale,
THE SLOOP

BERMUDA-PACKET,
Burthen 108 tons--Bermuda built, mounts 12 guns, sails remarkably fast and is well found.
nov 8 w&f3w

For Sale,
At the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Wednesday the 14th inst. at 7 o'clock in the evening,

The fast sailing SHIP,
CHARLOTTE,
Of about 204 tons burthen, She is a well found Vessel, having lately had a very compleat repair both in Hull and Rigging, the inventory may be seen at any time previous to the sale by applying at the Auction room of
RICHARD FOOTMAN & Co.
nov 8 3t

AVIS AUX FRANCOIS,
Le Parlementaire

LA VICTOIRE,
d'une marche supérieure partira 15 préfix, directement pour le Port Republicain, ceux qui désirent y prendre passage sont priés de se rendre à Philadelphie avant la dite époque.
S'adresser à New York chez Messieurs Blanchereau and Cazeneuve, James street, No. 20, and à Philadelphie chez Fs. Breuil, Armateur du dit batiment Spruce street, No. 115.
Le 5 Novembre, 1798 * d5t

AVIS AUX FRANCAIS.
Le Parlementaire le

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,
CAPT. JONES,
Connu par sa marche supérieure, partira le 12 préfix, directement pour *Jérémie*; ceux qui désirent y prendre passage sont priés de se rendre à Philadelphie avant la dite époque.
S'adresser à New York chez Messieurs Blanchereau and Cazeneuve, James street, No. 20, and à Philadelphie chez Fis. Breuil, armateur dudit batiment Spruce street, No. 115.
le 5 nov. 1798 * d5t

For Savannah, (Georgia.)
THE FAST SAILING COPPERED SHIP

SPY,
RICHARD WEST, *Master,*
TO sail in ten days.—For freight or passage apply to *STEPHEN KINGSTON,*
No. 46, Walnut Street.
WHO HAS,
140 Boxes of Havanna Sugar,
And a box of Mace, for sale.
november 6 co6t

ISRAEL PLEASANTS & Co.
No. 74, South Second street,
Have returned from the country; and have for SALE, as usual, a large assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Imported in the last vessels from Europe, consisting of articles principally suited to the present and approaching season
They are determined to sell off very low for cash or short credit.
Note. All persons indebted to the late firm of *Samuel Pleasants & Sons*, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers.
Israel Pleasants & Co.
Nov. 2 d4w

FRUITS, WINES, &c.
MALAGA WINE, in butts
SHERRY ditto, in quarter casks
BRANDY, in butts and pipes
SUN-RAISINS, in kegs
MUSCATEL do. in boxes
BLOOME do. in do.
SOFT SHELLED ALMONDS in sacks
OLIVE OIL in boxes of 12 bottles
BITTER & JORDAN ALMONDS in boxes, &c.
FOR SALE BY
PETER KUHN,
No. 178, North Market street.
Nov. 2 d10t

The Subscribers
Are now Landing—For Sale,
St. Croix Rum—Muscovado Sugar
Red Port Wine,
In pipes, hogsheads and quarter Casks.
Two thousand bushels of Salt,
Eighteen Iron Six pounders' proved at Woolwich.
Philips, Cramond, & Co.
November 3 d10t

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:
BE IT REMEMBERED,
(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:
"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Barton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Society of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Correspondidg Member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."
In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."
SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'
November 2, 1798.

Just Imported,
Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and canister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 oz. per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted
For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street.
October 29. co.tf.

LANDING,
From on board the Brig Amiable Matilda, Richard Stites, Master, from Cape Nichola Mole.

23 Bales Socks and Flannel Drawers	Such as are used in the King's army.
18 Do. Gaiters	
2 Do. Rugs	
1 Do. Havre Sacks	
2 Do. Flannel Trowsers	
2 Do. Tents,	

Also just Imported,
In the Ship Chesapeake, Captain Webb, from Liverpool,
147 Crates of Queen's Ware,
Assorted particularly to suit the West-India Market—For Sale by
Thomas & John Ketland.
november 7 §

FOR SALE,
By the Subscribers,
THE CARGO
Of the ship Louisa,
Captain Champlin from St. Petersburg,
CONSISTING OF
HEMP and BAR IRON.
—
In the ship Dispatch,
Captain Benners, from Hamburg,
15 boxes Linens,
and a quantity of
Sheathing Copper,
—
And the remainder of ship Richmond's CARGO, from Calcutta,
containing a variety of
Coarse and fine Muslins,
and an elegant assortment of
Madras Handkerchiefs.
Mordecai Lewis.
Philadelphia, nov. 7 d3w

Just imported in ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,

A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. Carronades, 12 lbs.	with balls suitable.
Musquets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use,	By the package only.
Rifled barreled Guns, Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols,	
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in kegs.	

Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mounting
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by
Thomas & Jno. Ketland,
Philad. October 25.

WHEREAS the certificate of two shares of the Bank of the United States in the name of *Samuel Amory*, of London, banker, No 3182, issued in lieu of 11593, 11594, were forwarded from London by the British packet Countess, of Leicester, capt. Dodd, bound for New-York, which packet was captured by the French, and the said certificate lost; and for the renewal of which, application is made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
Phila. Oct. 26, 1798. co6w

To Let,
THE house, No. 78, North Second street, with or without a store and stable—The house is large and convenient; enquire of John Little, No. 40, North sixth street.
October 31. w&sa. tf

Last Notice to the Creditors and Debtors of John Shields.
THE first are requested to render their Accounts against him, made up to the 23d day of August, 1797, the date of his Assignment, that a Dividend may be promptly made. The last to pay off their Accounts, Notes, and Bonds, before the first day of December ensuing. Any that remain unsettled after that period, will be put into the hands of an Attorney at Law, for recovery.
DAVID M. SHIELDS,
Attorney, (in fact) to the Assignees and Trustees of J. SHIELDS.
Chesnut-street, No, 22.
November 1, 1798. dtf.

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
—
JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens. SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treasurer of the United States
Trenton, New-Jersey, October 24, 1798.

Just Arrived,
In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,
Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.
Brimstone.
An assortment of valuable DRUGS,
CONSISTING OF
Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,
St. Croix Sugars,
Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality
JAMES YARD.
November 3 §

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,
HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South Front street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India
DRY GOODS,
most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.
Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.
N. B. A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. dtf

The Subscribers
HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF
Choice Cheshire & Double Gloucester
CHEESE.
[Per the CHESAPEAKE from Liverpool.]
100 Boxes of Window Glass,
Of various sizes, per the JANE, from London.
They have also for Sale,
200 Casks of Refined Salt-Petre,
AND A QUANTITY OF
Fine CASTOR OIL.
James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.
November 1 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,
A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,
FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT,
Apply at Stores on the Wharf,
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,
BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.
Nov. 1. dtf

ROBERT SMITH & Co.
Have returned to the City, and are now opening at their Store, No 58, So. Front-street,
A large and General
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,
Suitable to the Season,
Which they have just received per the late arrivals from London, Hull, Liverpool and Glasgow (via New-York) and will dispose of on very low terms for Cash or short credit.
TO BE LET,
A House in Fourth-street, next door to to the Indian Queen—enquire as above.
november 6 §14t

FOR SALE,
A FARM on the road leading to State Island, within four and an half miles of Philadelphia, containing 45 acres in the highest state of cultivation—25 acres of which is meadow, the remainder upland. There are on the premises, a new frame House and Barn, with an excellent kilchen garden, containing a great number of fruit trees.—Immediate possession will be given.
For terms apply to
Thomas W. Francis,
nov. 3. §

FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
A FEW Copies of an interesting Work, in French, entitled a History of
The Administration of the French Finances,
DURING THE YEAR 1796.
Also, An Historical and Political View of the Administration of the French Republic, during the year 1797,—of the causes which produced the
Revolution of the 4th September—
And of the results of that Revolution.
PRICE 1 DOLLAR EACH.
These two political tracts, are from the pen of the celebrated d'Ivernois, and contain a thousand interesting disclosures of the folly, venality and profligacy of the different Usurpers who have reigned in France during the latter stages of the horrible Revolution now pending in that miserable and depraved country.
Nov. 3. §

GEORGE DAVIS,
TAKES this opportunity of informing his friends generally, that so soon as the present sickness will admit it, he proposes to offer for sale, the most extensive collection of
LAW BOOKS,
he ever imported, or that was ever imported into the United States.—The late arrivals have brought him a number of extremely valuable and scarce BOOKS, and those expected, will greatly add to the quantity.
October 22. co2w

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
DESERTED last night, a second time, from the Marine Camp, *David Luper*, a fifer.—He had when he went away, a plain blue jacket and vest, light-blue overalls, a round hat, which had been bound with yellow, and which he had ripped off in his first desertion, and a pair of new shoes. he is a Carpenter by trade, has grey eyes, sandy hair fallow complexion and a pitch in his upper lip His back is still sore from a flogging he got a few days ago He may be discovered by his fifeing, as he plays extremely well.
W. W. BURROWS Major Com. of the
October 17. Marine Corps.

IMPORTED,
AND TO BE SOLD BY
CHARLES WHARTON,
[At his House, No. 136, South Second Street.]
Old Lisbon Wine,
Of the first quality, in pipes and quarter casks.
Tea China, assorted in boxes.
Hyson
Hyson skin, and } TEAS.
Young Hyson
India Bandanna and Chopah Romal Silk Handkerchiefs.
Nankeens
Black Sattin
Black and coloured Lutestrings
Black sowing Silk
Garden Fanns,—Silk Umbrellas, &c. &c.
November 5 ¶3t

To be sold or Rented,
THE subscriber's house, No. 78, Walnut street, with a cellar and two stables—Possession of the house will be given early in November—the stables and cellar immediately.
GEORGE MEAD.
October 24, §tf

NOTICE,
THAT the first Monday of December next is appointed for my hearing before a Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, in the State of Pennsylvania, on an application for the benefit of the acts of this state providing for the relief of insolvent debtors, having at September term last presented my petition, with a schedule annexed, of all my estate real, personal and mixt, rights and credits, to be assigned for the use of my creditors.
ALEXANDER SUMRALL.
Nov. 2. 3t

To be Let,
An airy three Story Brick House,
ON the South side of Filbert Street, between Eighth and Ninth street, formerly occupied as the Surveyor General's Office—Enquire at No. 111, Chesnut Street.
august 10 co5t

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,
195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvass, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular } Madeira Wines
India market }
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets, &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper
Nicklin & Griffith.
april 7 tuth&f.tf

This Day is Published,
AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET
AN ADDRESS
To the People of Maryland,
ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

HAPPY DISCOVERY.
A certain Cure for that alarming and dreadful Disorder
The Yellow Fever,
As well as any other dangerous putrid fever, fever and ague, and other inveterate and complicated diseases, by the use of the
POUDRE UNIQUE,
WELL known and patented in England, France, Poland, and all the capital cities in Europe, where the most astonishing cures have been effected on persons judged incurable by all physicians. In a Treatise printed in London, on the properties of this powder, by T. Seymour, M. D late Chemist to his Majesty, there are stated two hundred cases, where this most valuable remedy has proved infallible, in *all kind of fevers, pleurisy, bloody flux, inverate rheumatisms, sciatica, apoplexy, palsy, yellow jaundice, ringworm, worms in children and in grown persons, whites, chronical head and stomach aches, hepatick and nephretical or stone cholic, the kings evil, scurvy and the most inveterate and complicated venereal disease.* It is likewise the best preparative for the small pox and measles; of the greatest utility for young as well as for elder ladies at the critical epoch of their life. The efficacy of this powder in several of the above diseases has been discovered by chance, and so it has been in the *yellow fever* last year, by Mr. Mahy, who cured several by administering only *two* of the said *powders*, and lost not a single patient which he undertook to cure, as proved and attested by the here annexed certificates, whose original may be seen at *Andrew Hadfeg's umbrella shop, No. 131, corner of Chesnut and Fourth streets*, the only place where these powders are to be had, with proper directions for the use of them.—*Price two dollars.*
The usefulness and certainty of this remedy being so great for so many dangerous disorders, any person wishing to be provided with those powders, will please to apply very soon, as the quantity at hand is not very large, and it is doubtful if for a long time, or if ever any other *genuine* will be imported, the secret remaining only in the hands of the inventor, in Europe, and never being communicated to, or discovered by any other person
N. B In the yellow and putrid fevers, this powder must be taken the second, or at least the third day.
We the subscribers, during the late sickness in this city, having taken the yellow fever, applied to Mr. Mahy for his medical assistance, we do hereby certify, that by a certain powder, called the *Poudre Unique*, we were perfectly recovered from the said fatal sickness, and from an experience of the happy effects of the above most valuable medicine, consider it our duty to make the same known, for the benefit of our fellow citizens.
Margaret Jones,
Mylus O'Connor,
Jesse Turner,
Christen Rebecca Dow,
Catherin Apple,
Ann Grover,
William Bills,
David Williams, carpenter,
William T. Donaldson, mast-maker.
Mr. Mahy's well known Plaister, for all kind of wounds and sores, to be had at the above direction, No. 131, Chesnut street.
august 3 2awtf

862

University of Pennsylvania.

Nov 8, 1798.

THE different Schools will be opened on Thursday the 15th instant. *By order,*

Wm. ROGERS, Sec'y.

*** The Offices of Government are to be removed from Trenton to the City on Thursday next.

*** The CUSTOM HOUSE is removed from Chester to the City, and is again opened at the usual place.

November 3 $

*** The Consignees of Goods on board the ship COMMERCE, capt. Wood, from Liverpool, are requested to send their permits on board, as she will commence discharging on Thursday next at Latimer's wharf.

Nov. 7, 1798. It

*** The Office of the Insurance Company of *NORTH-AMERICA*, is again opened at the South-west corner of Walnut and Front-streets.

nov 8 d1w

INSURANCE OFFICE

of the State of Pennsylvania is removed to the south-east corner of Second and Walnut streets.

Nov. 5. d1w

The Insurance Office of SHOEMAKER & BERRETT,

is again opened at no. 29 north Water street—Attendance will also be given at their room at the Coffee-house as usual, from 12 'till 2 o'clock

11 mo: 5, 1798 d6t

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have removed their Office from the corner of Eleventh Street, to their former Counting House, No. 21, Penn Street.

Willings & Francis.

November 3 $

R. TAYLOR,

MUSIC PROFESSOR,

NO. 96, NORTH SIXTH-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he continues to teach Ladies the *Piano Forte* as usual.

Nov. 6. tuthsa1

TO BE LET

And immediate possession given,

A LARGE convenient, well finished house, No. 212, High street, lately occupied by Doctor Wistar, with coach house and stables—Enquire of *WILLIAM SHEAFF.*

No. 168, High street.

Nov. 2. dtf

To Be Let,

And immediate possession Given,

A COMMODIOUS Three Story Brick House with convenient back buildings, situated at the north west corner of Third and Walnut streets.—For terms apply to

Dr. THOMAS PARKE.

No. 20, South Fourth Street.

October 29 dtf

TO BE RENTED,

(And immediate possession given,)

A LARGE three story BRICK HOUSE, situate in Walnut-street—The rooms are commodious, airy and private—from which, and its central position, it is thought to be an eligible situation for a Public Office. For terms, enquire of *BENJ. W. MORRIS.*

Also. A commodious Ware House, in Taylor's Alley.

October 29. 3taw2w

NOTICE.

SAMUEL RICHARDET, informs the Gentlemen Subscribers, that the *EXCHANGE* is opened for their reception; and the *CITY TAVERN*, for Gentlemen and Travellers—Last Spring added an addition of twelve Bed Chambers to the side building, which makes it perfectly convenient.

november 6 taw

Virginia Tobacco,

Twenty four hogsheads, old, and of an excellent quality,

FOR SALE BY

James Murland,

No. 97, south Front street.

N.B.—a few boxes of LINEN CHECKS, and an assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, which will be sold cheap——apply as above.

nov. 7 eodtf

JOHN SHIELDS,

BROKER,

Embraces this opportunity to present his thanks to his fellow citizens for their past favors and acquaints them that he is returned from Chesnut Hill, *to his former residence, the House No.* 22 Chesnut *between* Front *and* Second-street,

WHERE he holds himself ready to execute their commands in every branch of his profession, trusting that from a residence in this city of 35 years he has it in his power to render them essential service, assuring them that his commission shall be as low as any in Town.

Lotts, Lands, Houses, Vessels, Certificates of every description and Bills of Exchange, bought and sold, the dockets carefully examined and clear titles made upon the shortest notice, by the public's humble servant,

John Shields.

☞ Good negotiable Notes discounted at a low premium.

november 7 3awtf

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 $

DAVID M. SHIELDS,

At the Store No. 22 Chesnut-street.

Begs leave to inform his friends & customers that he has removed his goods from Chesnut-Hill, *& is now ready to accommodate them with,*

COARSE and fine white, red & green Baizes in half pieces—Coarse and fine white Flannels from 2/3*d*, to 6/. a yard. He expects a further supply by the first arrivals from *Scotland, Ireland* and *England*, and is determined to sell low for Cash or a short credit.

nov 7 3awtf

Drawing & Painting Academy,

NO. 63, WALNUT STREET

J. COX,

RESPECTFULLY informs his patrons and the public, that his Academy will be opened on Monday next, the 12th instant. Hours of tuition for Young Ladies, from Two till Four; and an Evening School for Gentlemen from Six till Eight.

J. COX has made New Additions to his collection of Picturesque Drawings, during his absence from the City, and has likewise procured some handsome Bas Relief subjects, for the instruction of his Pupils, in the doctrine of light and shadow.

Terms of Tuition, Six Dollars and a half per Quarter.

Ladies and Gentlemen instructed in the different branches of Drawing and Painting, at their own apartments.

nov 8 ¶m&th3t

Samuel Potter, William Page and Thomas Price,

No. 31 CHESNUT STREET,

Are now opening a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the present season.

Which they have just received per Ships Factor, Boyne, Otsego & Independence, *(via New York) from LONDON,*

Also, per ships William Penn & Amiable from LONDON, and ships Sally and Thomas from LIVERPOOL,

Which they will sell on very low terms for cash or approved notes, viz.

Common and superfine cloths	7-8 fancy and chinz callicoes
Plain & fancy coatings	7-8 common and chintz furnitures
Plain and striped cassimeres	A very large quantity of *chintzes*
Swansdowns	Purple and chintz shawls
Rose and duffill blankets	Linen and lawn pocket handkerchiefs
Red and yellow flannels	Camels' hair shawls
Fine Welch flannels	A very large assortment of ribbonds
Carpets and carpeting	British plain checked, striped and tambour'd muslins of all descriptions
Jeannetts & tabby cords	Colored bordered shawls, a great variety
Velveteens & velveretts	5-4 and 6-4 conjeverams and bettelles
Thicksetts	India book & jaconet muslins
Callimancoes, durants & jeans	Laces and edgings
Silk, cotton, and worsted hose	Black and patent lace
Cotton, callicoe, & twist checks	Lace veils and figured cloaks
Dimities	Pulongs and sattins
3 4 and 7-8 dowlass	Persians and farsanets
Damask table linen	Silk modes
4-4 and 6-4 sheetings	
Irish linens	
Ginghams	
Bandannoes	
A very large quantity of	

And a variety of other articles.

Nov. 3 tu.th fa.1m

Smith & Rodman,

No. 49, South Front street,

Have just received per the William Penn, *and* Jane, *from* LONDON, Diana *and* Thomas *from* LIVERPOOL, *and* Kingston, *from* HULL,

A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE

Plain, twill'd and striped Coatings	Crapes
Fine white and red Welsh Flannels	Plain & striped Wildbores
Do. yellow and scarlet do.	Worsted, Yarn & Cotton Hose
Superfine and low priced 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, cloths of all colors	Men and Boys Woollen Mittens
Plains and Halfthicks	7-8 bleach'd Irish Dowlass
Forest and Hunter Cloths	3-4 brown Irish Linen
Green and Red Drapery Baize	9-8 white and brown Irish Sheetings
Do. 5-4, 6-4, and 7-4, do	Flaxen & Tow Oznaburgh in bales
Red & green Bocking do.	Drogheda & Irish Silesias
Swansdowns & Toilanetts	7-8 and yard-wide Irish Linens
Rose, Point and Duffill Blankets	Printed Callicoes & Chintzes
Superfine London Cassimeres of the newest and most fashionable colors	Printed Linen and border'd Handkerchiefs
Low priced Yorkshire do.	Cotton & Callicoe Checks
Plain and striped Callimancoes	Thread Edgings & Laces
Joan Spinnings & Durants	Men's Beaver Gloves
Rattinetts & Shalloons	Pins in small cases
Norwich Camblets, for Cloaks	Holland Tapes & Bobbins
Bombazetts and Black	Thicksets and Corduroys
	Hunting and fancy Cords
	Velvets and Velveteens
	Black and olive Cottonades

With a variety of other Articles on hand, for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash or the usual credit.

Nov 6 tu,th&sa,tf

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of Six Per Cent Funded Stock, standing in the name of *John Carbonell*, of London, the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, Captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

No. 3072	1 *Cert. for*	2000 *dolls.*	}
2964	1 *do.*	5000	
10,577	1 *do*	3000	

Willings & Francis.

Philadelphia, august 30. eo6w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of six per cents. funded debts, standing the name of *Jane Gabrielle Rigaud*, of Geneva, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, Capt. Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

	Dolls.
No. 3195. Reg. office 19th May '95, 1 cert. for	1000
13,181. do. 14th do. do. 1 do. for	3500

Willings & Francis.

October 24. eod6w.

Eight Dollars Reward.

A ROBBERY was committed on the 17th instant, at the house of the subscriber in the township of Solebury by two negro men,—they carried off a quantity of cash; a pocket book, containing some valuable papers; wearing apparel, &c.—One of the negroes is a middle aged man, known by the name of John White, formerly a resident of Philadelphia, has an impediment in his speech—the other supposed to be a runaway, about eighteen years of age, of middle stature. Whoever secures the aforesaid villains so that they may be brought to justice, shall receive eight dollars reward, or four for either of them taken separately.

ISAIAH TUCKEMONEY.

Solebury, 10 Mo. 19th, 1798. ¶—3t.taw

AN APPRENTICE

TO THE PRINTING BUSINESS

Will be taken at this Office, if immediate application be made.

Nov. 1. 6t

THOMAS & JOSHUA FISHER,

No. 5, *Dock-Street*,

HAVE FOR SALE,

IMPORTED IN DIFFERENT VESSELS,

A general assortment of

Coarse and fine Woolens,

7-8 & 4-4 Irish Linens, Sheetings, Tickens &c.
Scarlet and Cloth colored Cardinals
Hats in boxes of 12 dozen each
China, Nankeen Dining setts and cups & saucers
Black Lutestrings, Taffatys and Sattins
Pungem Cloths and Humhums, Blue and Red Cotton, Chappals and Pullicat Romalls
China and English Umbrellas
T. Crowley Millington Steel
Tin in Boxes 1-3 x
Shot, Frying Pans and Weeding Hoes
6d, 8d, 10d, 12d Nails, &c. &c.

11th month 8 d1w

EDUCATION.

SAMUEL MOON, jun'rs School,

IN CHURCH ALLEY,

IS open again, for instructing Girls in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, including the Elements of Geometry, and the use of the Globes.—From the great encouragement he has hitherto received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the favours of his Friends and the Public.

☞ An Evening School,

For *BOYS*—Kept at the same place.

11 mo 6th, '98 2aw4w

Female Education.

JAMES A. NEAL'S School,

FOR THE TUITION OF

YOUNG LADIES,

Will re-commence on Monday, the 12th of November, at his School Room, No. 28, *Carter's Alley.*

☞ The Evening School

Will be opened, as usual, at the same time and place.

November 3 eod3t

PRINTING WORK,

Of Every Kind,

EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,

Oct. 12. dtf.

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands against the estate of *William Perkins*, deceased, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the subscriber in Philadelphia.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Adminr.

October 31st, 1798.

Cook Wanted.

WANTED, by a small regular family, a woman cook, who is a thorough mistress of her business and can produce satisfactory recommendation. Any person answering the above description, will meet with constant employ and generous wages. Application to be made at the office of this gazette.

To save trouble, no Irish woman need apply.

nov. 6 ¶ 3t

Sixty Dollars Reward.

MADE their escape from the Gaol in the borough of Lancaster, on Saturday evening last, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock, two French prisoners, part of the crew of La Croyable.

The one named *Etienne Austin*, a native of Bordeaux in France, 26 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark eyes and complexion, by trade a carpenter, supposed to be unacquainted with the English or German language. Had on when he went away, a white hat, pantaloons, and short jacket, tight made, and probably took with him some other clothes.

The other named *Peter Dupriez*, a native of Bujoin in France, 20 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, grey eyes, dark complexion, a seaman by occupation, a dirty ill-looking fellow. Had on when he went away, a blue sailor's jacket, with large tow trowsers, an old wool hat, speaks imperfect German.

Also, made his escape the same day, about nine o'clock in the morning, from the same gaol, a negro man named *Peter Huston*, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a smiling countenance, lately convicted of a felony in this county. Had on when he went away, a long blue coat, a pair of white trowsers, both ragged, and a black hat.

Twenty-five dollars will be paid for apprehending and securing in any goal, each or either of the above named Frenchmen, and Ten dollars for the negro, by

Christian Carpenter, jun. sheriff.

Lancaster, Oct. 20, 1798. ¶co3t

DR. YEATMAN'S

Anti-pestilential Preservative and anti-bilious Pills,

ARE earnestly recommended at this Season, against the Fevers that prevail. Prepared and sold only by the Subscriber, who feels it necessary to embrace this opportunity of acquainting the Public, that he received a regular education in the different Branches of

Physick, Surgery, & Midwifery,

Under his Father, and other eminent men in the cities of London and Bristol, and (in the course of twenty-eight years) has seen the many good effects of this incomparable medicine, in Bilious, Jaundice, or Hepatic cases, Dropsy Rheumatism, Lues-Venerea, Scurvy, Worm cases, Malignant and other Diseases, proceeding from acrimony and obstruction.

THE PILLS

Are prepared according to true medical principles, and may be safely taken by the most delicate. In boxes of a quarter dollar, and half a dollar, with directions, and sealed with his crest, cypher, and motto. None else are Genuine.

N. B. The anti-pestilential preservative, was used with great success at London, Marseilles, Bristol, and other Cities, when they were respectively visited with the PLAGUE.

In bottles of a quarter dollar and half a dollar, with Directions, and the Corks sealed as above.

CHARLETON YEATMAN,

South East corner of Lombard and Second streets, New Market.

october 2 1aw. tu

Horses to Winter.

HORSES will be taken in to winter at PROSPECT HILL, at the 12 Mile Stone, on the Bristol road; they will be well fed with clover and timothy hay, well littered and cleaned, and will also have a large field to exercise themselves in when the weather is good.—Enquire of Mr. *William Bell*, merchant, Water street, or on the premises.

Nov. 7 wf3t

IRISH REBELS.

TRIAL OF BYRNE,

At Dublin, on the 20th of July.

The indictment was read, which consisted of two counts, one for compassing the death of the king, and the other for adhering to his enemies. To support which there were eleven overt acts.

Mr. Webber opened the pleadings, and the prime serjeant (Mr. Fitzgerald) stated case. He observed, that if custom did not sanction some observations being made on such an occasion he would deem it necessary only to bring forward his witnesses, without further preface; for such was the clearness of the charge he had to bring against the prisoner, that he thought a mere recital of the testimony sufficient to convict the prisoner of the crime of high treason. It would appear both from parole evidence and matter of fact, that a meeting took place on the 12th of March last at the house of Oliver Bond; that the prisoner appeared there as delegate from the county of Wicklow; that on the apprehension of several persons in that house, the prisoner, with others, was found seated in a room up stairs, round a table. It would appear, that on the person of the prisoner were found divers papers, one in particular, purporting to be a return of men, arms and ammunition, in the hand-writing of the prisoner; this paper, though written with obscurity, might easily be understood. Another paper found on the person of a Mr. Lynch, taken at the same time, and proved to be the hand-writing of the prisoner, would also be produced; it purported to be an address from the delegates of the county of Wicklow to their constituents, and was, he conceived, in itself, full proof of the guilt of the prisoner; it stated that the most flattering accounts were shortly expected from abroad (this, the prime serjeant observed, must mean France) which would in a few days be officially notified to them: it stated, that by the last provincial returns, the increase of United Irishmen appeared to be only a few thousands; but accounted for this—it begged of them to pay no attention to the flying rumors of the day; as it stated, the emissaries of government were busy in circulating falsehoods, and sowing the seeds of disunion among United Irishmen. It stated that the barony of Newcastle had complained of not being yet supplied with arms; that great numbers of pikes were ready for delivery; and it recommended to the people to be indefatigable in forming more; it complained of the apathy of part the county of Wicklow, which had refused to contribute 1d per head for the relief of the suffering patriots in the several goals, but who disdained the horrid crime of bartering for their liberty by turning informers; it stated that there was no fund for relieving 42 persons now confined in Wicklow, and that 18l. had been advanced by one individual; it recommended an immediate voluntary contribution to assist those men; it particularly called their attention to a meeting shortly to take place, wherein business of the first consequence was to be agitated.

It then proceeded to enumerate several returns from the different baronies through Wicklow, of men, money, pikes, muskets, powder, ball, &c. by which it appeared that 12,800 men were ready, and the sum of 1621. 3s. 4d. In Arklow alone, 500lb. of powder, and 8050 ball cartridges were ready. On a candid consideration of those circumstances, every mind must be made up as to the prisoner's guilt. There was another letter, which went further, if possible, to prove such, in the hand writing of M'Cann, addressed to Michael William Byrne, Esq. (the prisoner at the bar) being a brother. [This letter was produced on M'Cann's trial.] He would prove also the prisoner was at a meeting of the national delegates in Francis-street, Dublin, where he avowed his official situation, and where the question of waiting for the arrival of the French was agitated. He would prove the hand writing of the prisoner in a certificate of qualification for serjeants, and his instruction to others in the application of it. On the whole, he observed, that stronger facts, or a clearer case, never was brought before a court or jury.

William Bellingham Swan, a Justice of Peace for the county of Dublin, sworn and examined by the *Attorney-General*. Deposed that he arrested the prisoner and several others at the house of Mr. Oliver Bond, in Bridg-street. He could not swear that the pocket book in which the papers were, was actually taken from the person of the prisoner, but swore positively the prisoner was in the room.

Here Mr. S. recounted the other circumstances attending the arrest, as detailed on the trial of M'Cann.

Here the counsel for the crown produced Christopher Stone Williams, and Arthur Guiness, Esqrs. to prove the hand writing of M'Cann, found in possession of the prisoner, and thereby established the connection between M'Cann and the prisoner.

Several papers found in the room were read by the deputy clerk of the crown, all of which were of an inflammatory and treasonable nature, and corroborative of the parole evidence. Among these papers were a parcel of toasts, from which the following were read: "The Green Flag of Ireland, may her sons unite and support it."—"The memory of Orr, who died a martyr to Irish Freedom."—"Ireland a republic, and all the world free."—"Mother Erin dressed in green ribbons by a French milliner, if she cannot be dressed without her."—There was also a printed paper addressed to the people, tending to the depreciation of bank paper, which was to the following effect: "Those who are appointed to superintend your interests caution you against the immense quantity of bank notes issuing by government. Paper money is valuable only in proportion to the goodness of the security guaranteeing it. Should a bank take place, the government becomes a bankrupt, and the possessors of its paper, God help them! must be the sufferers. Rap halfpence, which are taken for the convenience of change, bear some proportion to the worth they rate at, and a tinker will give the full value of old brass or copper for them; but the government once down, its fine paper, on which hundreds and thousands are so plentifully marked, would not be purchased for the use of a snuff-shop. Government is hoarding up the specie against the last push; if you refuse to accept paper in return for your goods and necessaries, government then must *sell out* the guineas."

Mr. Thomas Reynolds was then sworn, and examined by counsellor Sourin. He recapitulated the former evidence he had given on the trial of M'Cann.

Thomas Miller, sworn and examined by counsellor Mayne (Counsel for the Crown).—Was an United Irishman, and attended several meetings with the prisoner at the bar (whose person he identified) particularly in the county of Wicklow. He then proceeded to state the circumstances which attended each meeting he had with the prisoner, from whom he received written directions for his conduct, and the mode of certifying for Serjeants in the rebel army.

James Ryan, schoolmaster, sworn. Is a United Irishman; was sworn in a society in the month of April, 1797; attended several societies; was appointed a secretary to one; took the oath of secrecy; saw the prisoner at the bar at several societies, where he avowed himself a delegate for the county of Wicklow; produced a paper in the hand-writing of the prisoner, which he said he got from the last witness: it was a certificate for the appointment of Serjeants, and was written by the prisoner.

William Cope deposed, that Reynolds had informed him, and through his means the government, of the provincial meeting held on the 12th of March last, in consequence of which all the persons at that meeting were arrested.

Mr. Curran, in a speech of three hours duration stated the prisoner's case; after which a variety of evidence was brought forward; some with intent to discredit the evidence of Mr Reynolds, and which has been already detailed in M'Cann's trial, and others to the character of the prisoner; these latter deposed strongly in favor of the prisoner.

To the character of the prisoner were sworn, Dr. Baisely and captain Gore, of the Newton Mount Kennedy Cavalry, and who fought the duel with lord Meath; both gave the very best possible characters; captain Gore particularly, in whose troop the prisoner was.

Mr. Bush spoke very ably and ingeniously in addressing the jury on the part of the defence, and was with great ability replied to by Mr. O'Crady, on the part of the crown.

After able, clear, and impartial charges from Mr. Justice Crookshank, Mr. Baron George, and Mr. Justice Day, the jury retired for about five minutes, and returned with a verdict of *Guilty*.

Mr. Justice Crookshank, in a most solemn and pathetic manner, pronounced sentence of death on the unfortunate prisoner, who was executed the next day.

[Observing that one of the United Irishmen, amongst the above witnesses was a *Schoolmaster*, it has called to my recollection a fact, which I have often thought necessary to be impressed on the public mind; which is, that a very considerable portion of the teachers, schoolmasters, and preceptors, in the United States, are Democrats. Many of them have defrauded the hangman of his dues, in Ireland, and no contemptible number of them are actually sworn *United Irishmen*. These miscreants, not by their superior knowledge, but by their superior impudence, get admission into almost every country School that they fix their eyes upon. The greatest part of them have wives on the "*old sod*," as they call it; but that is no impediment to their marrying here, provided they can thereby procure the means of living in drunkenness and idleness.

PORCUPINE.]

LIFE OF CHAMFORT.

IF a want of the advantages of birth predispose us to favour a government which levels all family distinctions, no man could be born a republican more truly than Chamfort. He was the fruit of illicit love, and, as it should seem, of promiscuous amours; for he never knew his father—a circumstance which in no degree diminished his affection for his other parent, to supply whose wants he often denied himself the necessaries of life.

He was taken at a very early age into the *College des Prassins*, at Paris, in quality of *Bursar**, and was known there by his christian name of *Nicholas*. Nothing, during the two first years, announced extraordinary talents; but in the third, out of five prizes that were distributed annually, he bore away four, failing in latin verses alone. The next year his success was complete; and he made a remark upon the occasion, which discovered good taste, a superior mind, and the opinion he entertained of the judges: "I lost the prize last year (said he) because I imitated Virgil; this year I obtained it, because I took Buchanan, Sarbievius, and other moderns, for my guides."

In Greek he made a rapid progress; but his petulance, his wit, and his waggish tricks threw the class into so much disorder, that he was expelled from it by Mr. Lebeau, the professor of that language; and not long after left the college altogether. Thrown upon the wide world, without friends or any means of support, he was soon reduced to the lowest pitch of poverty. He bore his misfortunes, however, with philosophic patience, and cheered himself with the most flattering hopes: "I am a poor devil now," said he to Selis, another man of letters; "but do you know what will happen? I shall obtain a prize from the academy, my play will succeed, I shall be courted by the world, and will received by the great, whom I despise: they will make my fortune for me, and I shall afterwards live like a philosopher."

The first part of this prediction was soon verified. He obtained a prize, and sent a copy of his production to the very M. Lebau who had expelled him from the Greek class, accompanied by the following note: *Chamfort* sends the work that has obtained the suffrages of the Academy to his old and respectable master; and at the end of nine years, begs his pardon for *Nicholas*." M. Lebau made answer "I always loved Nicholas; I admire *Chamfort*." A few days after, they met, and the master and the pupil embraced each other with tears.

* A kind of Inferior tutor, with a small Stipend.

Nor was he deceived by his preſentiment of his future fortune. By the cares and intereſt of his friends, it gradually ſwelled to eight or nine thouſand livres a year; but the greateſt part of it conſiſted of penſions, and the whirlwind of the revolution ſwept them away. The day after they were ſuppreſſed, he went to ſee his fellow academician, Marmontel, and found him lamenting the loſs that his children would ſuffer by the ſame decree. Chamfort took one of them upon his knees: "Come here, my little fellow," ſaid he "you will be a better man than either of us. Some day or other you will weep over your father, on hearing that he had the weakneſs to weep over you, becauſe he feared that you might not be ſo rich as himſelf."

That meteor that roſe in the French revolution, ruſhed through the political ſyſtem like a comet; and diſappeared in the midſt of the long ſurpriſe and uneaſy admiration it excited—Mirabeau, in ſhort, was the friend of Chamfort, and often borrowed his pen. The moſt eloquent paſſages in the *letters on the order of Cincinnatus* belong to the latter. He was indeed, his counſel upon all occaſions; and when Mirabeau went to paſs an hour with him, as was his cuſtom in the morning, he uſed to call it going to *rub* the moſt electrical head he had ever met with.

The light emitted by this electrical head could not fail to ſhine in oppoſition to the blaſting rays of the mock ſun of liberty—of the felon Robeſpierre— o whom talents and virtue were alike obnoxious.

It was difficult, however, to lay hold on Chamfort. Frank, upright, decided and independent of all parties, he had ſteered a ſteady courſe through the revolutionary ſtorm; openly profeſſing an equal hatred of prieſts and nobles, and of Marat and the reſt of the men of blood. At the ſame time that he was author of the ſaying, "*Guerre aux chateaux, paix aux chaumières**," he explained by the appellation of the *fraternity of Cain and Abel*, the compulſive ſyſtem of fraternization, deviſed by the jacobin club.

At length, however, an obſcure informer was found to denounce him, and Chamfort was carried to the Madelonnettert Unable to obtain there the attentions, and the occaſional ſolitude that ſome habitual infirmities imperiouſly required, he conceived ſo profound a horror of impriſonment that when he was ſuffered to return, a few days after, to his apartments, under the cuſtody of a guard, he ſwore he would rather die than be immured anew.

In little more than a month, the gendarme told him he had orders to carry him back to a houſe of confinement.—Chamfort retired to a cloſet, under the pretence of making his preparations; fired a piſtol at his head; ſhattered the bones of his noſe; and drove in his right eye. Aſtoniſhed at finding himſelf alive, and reſolved to die, he took up a razor, tried to cut his throat, and mangled the fleſh in the moſt dreadful manner. The weakneſs of his hand made no change in the reſolution of his mind: he attempted ſeveral times, in vain, to reach his heart with the ſame inſtrument; and finding himſelf begin to faint, made a laſt effort to open the veins at his knees. At length, overcome by pain, he uttered a loud cry, and fell almoſt lifeleſs into a chair.

The door was broken open, and ſurgeons and civil officers ſoon repaired to the ſpot. While the former were preparing dreſſings for ſo many wounds, Chamfort dictated to the latter, the following truly Roman declaration: "I, Sebaſtian Roch Nicholas Chamfort, declare it was my intention to die a freeman, rather than to be carried back, like a ſlave, to a houſe of confinement. I declare, moreover, that if violence be uſed to carry me thither in the ſtate I am in, I have ſtill ſtrength enough to finiſh what I have begun."

An hour or two after he became perfectly calm, and reſumed his uſual ironical manner. 'See what it is (ſaid he) to want dexterity; an awkward man cannot kill himſelf." He then went on to relate how he had *perforated* his eye, and the lower part of his forehead, inſtead of blowing out his brains; *ſcored* his throat, inſtead of cutting it; *ſcarified* his breaſt, without reaching his heart. "At laſt (added he) I recollected Seneca; and in honour of Seneca, I reſolved to open my veins; but Seneca was a rich man; he had a warm bath, and every thing to his wiſh: I am a poor miſerable devil, and have none of the ſame advantages; I have hurt myſelf horribly, and here I am ſtill."

Not one of the multitude of wounds he had made was mortal. Strange as it may appear, they were even attended by beneficial conſequences. By giving vent to an internal humour that had long preyed upon his conſtitution, they reſtored him to a ſtate of health he had been a ſtranger to for years; and Chamfort might now have been alive, if, when his wounds were cloſed, the ſurgeons had given iſſue to that humour by other means. But they neglected the precaution, and was ſoon after ſeized with a mortal diſeaſe.

* War to the palace, peace to the cottage.

Domeſtic Articles.

NEW-YORK, November 8.

We can on good authority ſtate, that the Health-Officer of this Port has informed the Collector, that "he may now as uſual grant Letters of Health to veſſels bound to foreign ports."—This *official* announciation of the reſtoration of our City to its cuſtomary ſtate of health, will, we truſt, baniſh every remaining apprehenſion from thoſe of our fellow citizens who may yet continue in the country. The formality of a report is the only circumſtance which can now give them ground of uneaſineſs and that can only be of ſhort duration: For though the fever ſtill may find ſome few victims among thoſe who were ſick, or who had imbibed the ſeeds of diſeaſe previous to the late froſts—yet, as there have been no new caſes for ſeveral days, it muſt ſhortly diſappear entirely. We heartily congratulate them and our fellow citizens in general on this happy change; and have only to regret, that immerſed in buſineſs or in pleaſure we ſhall ſoon forget the calamity, its cauſes and its cure, and be again exiled or ſacrificed at the ſhrine of this ferocious diſeaſe.

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In the Index to the ſecond Volume of the Laws of New-York, *Greenleaf's Edition*, occurs this odd reference.

SWINE. See *Town Meetings*.

—

The queſtion "Shall we declare war againſt America?" was lately diſcuſſed in the French legiſlature! After a very warm debate, in the courſe of which a member ludicrouſly moved to refer the queſtion to Victor Hughes, *peace* was reſolved upon, by a large majority. *N. Y. Diary.*

—

SPRINGFIELD, (Maſſ.) November 6.

THE ſucceſs which has attended the recruiting ſervice in this town, we believe not frequently to have been ſurpaſſed. In the ſhort ſpace of five weeks, about *Fifty* young men, among whom are ſome of the hardieſt youths of our country, have enrolled themſelves to repel the unprovoked attacks of an inſidious foreign enemy. The recruiting at this rendezvous, has been proſecuted under the guidance of Lieutenants *Colton* and *Church*.

A Detachment of 36, under the command of Lieutenant Colton, on Thurſday laſt, marched for Providence (R. I.) where they are to embark and ſerve as Marines on board the *George Waſhington*, of 32 guns, commanded by Capt. Fletcher. The junior officer, who marched with Lieut. *Colton* was Lieut. *Caldwell*, of Hartford.

Lieutenant Colton being a native of this place, he carried with him, not only the ardent wiſhes for his ſucceſs and ſafety, which the *cauſe* naturally inſpires; but the ſolicitudes of juvenile affection and friendſhip.—As a ſtrict diſciplinarian and a ſoldier, he has long worn the confidence of the community—and his country, we truſt, ſhould an opportunity preſent, will not be without honourable evidence of his valour.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, *NOVEMBER 9.*

Mr. Burk deſires me to ſtate that the inſinuation reſpecting his connection with the Argus, is unfounded; as is that of his being addicted to intemperance.

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Every body remembers the zeal of the beautiful DAWSON, M. C. from Virginia, in behalf of the *Poliſh Patriot*. It is curious enough that he ſhould turn out to be a ſwindling adventurer juſt at the moment when the citizen member is puffing himſelf off to his conſtituents, for his diſintereſted benevolence in advocating the claim of the former. See his addreſs to his conſtituents in the late Virginia papers.

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From the Baltimore Federal Gazette of November 7.

This morning arrived in town, the CHIEF who unites all hearts. He left Spurrier's pretty early, and lighted at Bryden's about 8 o'clock, eſcorted in by captains Hollingworth's and Bentalou's troops, who went out laſt evening for that purpoſe. About 10, the 5th and 27th regiments (as many as from the ſhortneſs of the notice could get ready), had the gratification of being reviewed by him, in Market-ſtreet, much to the ſatisfaction of a large concourſe of ſpectators, who thronged around him, again to behold the venerable Cincinnatus, and Commander in Chief of America. The City Company, Captain Harris, waited on the General at his quarters, perſonally to congratulate him on once more ſeeing him among them in health, and made open ranks for him to paſs through as he came out to review the troops. He was accompanied as he marched in front of the line, by Generals Smith and Swan; his Secretary, Mr. Lear; Judge Chaſe, and ſeveral other gentlemen. About 11 he proceeded on his way to Trenton, eſcorted by the Fell's-point troop.

The object of the Commander in Chief in going to Trenton, is, we underſtand, to attend a grand council of the executive and general military officers of the union. The Preſident, and the three late unſucceſsful Anbaſſadors to France, we alſo learn, are to be preſent.

Americans! what meaſure of gratitude is not due to a man, loaded with years and glory, who ſo ardently wiſhed to terminate his days in the peaceful ſhades of Mount Vernon, again coming forth, to ſuſtain the thought of council and the fatigue of war, to perpetuate that liberty which he ſo glorioufly atchieved for his country.

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COMMUNICATION.

During his late reſidence in Philadelphia, Koſciuſko, who is good at the pencil, to amuſe himſelf and draw the attention of the young ladies of the city, uſed to take the likeneſs of thoſe whoſe features he admired. The young miſſes, conſidering him as an illuſtrious character, accepted theſe *devoirs* with avidity. It is now underſtood, however, that theſe amiable daughters of Columbia are witneſſes of his clandeſtine exit from this country, and hearing of his ungrateful expreſſions and conduct in France, are determined with a ſpirit as patriotic as they are amiable, to conſign to the flames theſe *mementos* of a man who has practiſed upon them as well as their country the loweſt deceptions.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED. *Days*

Brig Perigon, Beaty, St. Ubes 70
Schr Amy, Cuſhing, Curracoa, Coffee, Petit and Bayard
Lookout, Rodgers, from the wreck of the ſch Diſpatch, Barry. Linens
Chance, Northey, Marblehead, 10 days Barley and Fiſh

The ſloop Union, Hawkins, of this port arrived at Jamaica—the Union was captured by the French and re-captured by capt Hawkins and got ſafe in the 24th of September laſt.

Arrived at the Fort.

Brig Florida, Haves, Havanna 40

A ſhip, ſuppoſed the Perſeverance, Williamſon, from Port-au-Prince; brig Molly, Lack, from the city of Domingo; Hannah, Gildea, from N. Carolina, and ſchr. ——, Baker, from Jamaica, are below.

Captain Kelly, of the brig Molly, from St. Domingo, informs, that the brig Ruby, and ſhip North America, of this port, have been captured and carried into St. Domingo.

Ship Mars, of New York, M'Corkell; ſchooner Sunbury packet, of do. Williams; ſchooner Apollo, of Charleſton, Oliver; all from Honduras, have been captured off Cape Antonio, by the French privateer Henrique, Captain Michel, and carried into New Orleans.

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Arrived laſt evening, the Delaware, ſloop of war captain Decatur, from a cruiſe. The Delaware went to ſea the 6th ultimo, and has ſpoke the following veſſels:

6th, ſchooner Friendſhip, ——, Portland to Charleſton, 7th, a ſchr. from North Carolina to New-York.—8th, a ſchr. blowing hard, could not learn her name. 9th, brig Eagle, Shields, from Philadelphia to Bilboa, and ſloop Hiram, from Rhode-Iſland to Charleſton. 11th, brig Lilly, from Baltimore to Boſton, and ſhip Columbia, from Jamaica to New-York, ſupplied the latter with proviſion. 12th, Pruſſian ſhip De Hoop, from Bordeaux, with General Pinckney on board, took her in tow, and ſaw her ſafe into New-York. 13, ſhip Farmer, M'Collom, from Rotterdam to Philadelphia, 14th, ſhip Philadelphia, Bliſs, from Briſtol; ſhip Liberty, Ramage, from Hamburgh, and a Britiſh brig from St. Johns, all bound to Philadelphia, and a ſchooner from Portland to Norfolk. 15th. ſchooner Induſtry, Diamond, 29 days from Martinique bound to Boſton in diſtreſs, having been blown out of that Iſland by a hurricane with 20 other Americans, ſupplied her with proviſions. Brig Paragon, of Baltimore, from St. Ubes for New-York, and a ſchooner from Baltimore to Boſton. 16th, ſhip Charlotte, Dannenbey, from St. Ubes to Philadelphia, and ſchooner Hiram, from New-York to Charleſton. 17th, ſpoke the Paragon again, and ſupplied her with proviſions. 18th, a whaler from Nantucket out 6 weeks had taken nothing. 23d, ſchr. Nancy, Parker, 36 days from St. Bartholomews to Boſton, in diſtreſs, ſupplied her with proviſions and offered to take her in tow which was declined—a ſloop from Richmond for Philadelphia, 25th, brig Lovely Laſs, Shields, from Philadelphia, juſt out, bound to La Guira—and Packet Maria, Pryor, from Charleſton to Philadelphia, ſupplied the latter with proviſions—27th brig Tryphenia, Griffin, from Bordeaux to Philadelphia; brig Hannah, Gildea, from North Carolina to Philadelphia & ſloop Patty, from N. York to Savannah--28th brig Peggy, from Havanna 29 days to New-York—29th Britiſh brig Nymph, 28 days from St. Kitts to New-York, under jury maſts and ſloop Fanny, Brown, out 10 days from New Providence to Rhode-Iſland—30th ſloop Diana, Volch, 35 days from Jamaica to Alexandria and ſupplied her with proviſions, captain Volch informed that the day before he ſailed, the ſloop Union, Hawkins, arrived there, captain Hawkins had retaken his veſſel from the French—ſame day ſpoke ſhip Eſſex, from Glouceſter to Norfolk—31ſt ſchooner Harriot, Lawton, from New-York to George Town, S. C.—Nov. 2d. brig Molly, Kelly, 28 days from the city of St. Domingo, to Philadelphia and Schr. ——, Baker, 28 days from Jamaica, to do.—3d brig Two Brothers, Allen, from New Orleans to Bartholomews, and ſupplied her with proviſions and water—alſo the brig Hannah, Gildea, again—5th ſaw ſeveral ſail ſtanding in for the Bay and ſeveral under Cape May to anchor, wind N. W. by W. 27th paſſed the United States frigate at New-Caſtle.

On the 27th ult. at meredian Captain Decatur ſaw a ſail bearing E. by N. and ſtood for her. 28th at 2 P. M. the ſail tacked and ſtood to the N. E. and immediately the Delaware ſtood after him. At half paſt do. he hove the maintopſail aback At 3 P. M. obſerved her to be a large frigate and being ſo near as to obſerve ſignals, ſhewed him the private ſignal between him and the Frigate United States, which he did not anſwer, then ſhewed him the general ſignal for the United States Navy for the day, which he did not anſwer, then ſhewed him the Britiſh ſignal for the day which he did not anſwer, then wore ſhip and ſtood from him to the weſtward and he did not follow. Capt. Decatur not being ſatisfied tacked ſhip, after him and got ſo near as to clearly ſee that ſhe was a very large frigate, ſhewed him again the Britiſh ſignals, which he did not anſwer, but wore ſhip and crouded ſail for the Delaware, which veſſel immediately wore and crouded from him, at 20 minutes paſt 4 he hauled his wind to the N. by E. after chaſing the Delaware about 10 minutes.

—

Baltimore, October 7.

Arrived, ſchooner Patriot, Manning, from Curacoa, which he left on the 17th ult. and has obligingly favoured us with the following particulars:

That on the 14th October he ſaw an American brig taken in ſight of the harbour by a French privateer, which left it the day before. The freebooter belonged to a Madam Pockett, of Curracoa, and had on board the following villainous Americans—viz. SOLOMON GEER, who ſailed laſt from Baltimore, maſter of the ſchooner Lucinda; JOHN MATHERS, laſt from ditto, mate of the ſnow Maryland, then at Curracoa; PETER LAGOCK, laſt from Norfolk in the ſhip Stagg. Theſe three ſcoundrels were active in procuring the condemnation of all the American property they could, by giving all the falſe information they could poſſibly invent.

The Governor of Curacoa being informed that the above brig was captured within the limits of the Iſland, preſſed a Swediſh ſchooner, manned her with ſeamen belonging to the Dutch frigates, and immediately ſent her in purſuit of the brig; but being outſailed ſhe returned without ſucceſs.

On the 16th, the day before capt M'a ſailing, the Council of Curacoa preferred a petition to the Governor, ſigned by ſome of the principal merchants of the place, for an arreſt of Madam Pockett's property for taking Americans within the limits of the iſland, bound thither. The prayer of the petition it was expected would be granted the next day.

On the 14th capt Snell, of the ſch Amphitrite of New-York, arrived at Curracoa, with four of his people in an open boat, having left his ſch. mate and the reſt of his hands, on the reef of the iſland of Aves. She was from Surrinam or Demerara, bound to Curracoa, and was run aſhore on the morning of the 6th of October. He had chartered a Spaniſh ſch to ſave the people and as much of the cargo as poſſible.

Left at Curracoa for adjudication.

Snow Maryland, Roxbury Baltimore
Fanny, Barry do
Schr Eagle, Goodhue Ipſwich
Polly & Sally, Richmond

Mr Tabb, ſupercargo—the maſter not there.

The Ketch Ebenezer, of Newburyport, has been captured and carried into St Domingo.—The mate came paſſenger with capt Manning.

The brig Ruby, of Philadelphia, had alſo been captured by a Frenchman, but retaken by the Britiſh. The French prize maſter had arrived at Curracoa.

A captain who had arrived there from St. Bartholomews, informed that all the Americans at Guadaloupe were impriſoned, and that Victor Hugues had gone to France in a corvett.

—

Boſton, Nov. 1.

Arrived ſchooner Carolina, Taylor, Port de Paix, 26 days. Condemnations at Port de Paix Oct. 6, the Warren, Church, and Maria, Folger, of New-York; Siſters, Braiſh and Little Pegg, Auld, Baltimore: Betſey, Dennis, Salem; Dolly, Hunter, Charleſton; Thomas and Sally, Gilbert, and John Eaſton, Cooper, Norfolk; Siſters, ——, New-York.—Chriſtian, Dugaid, (an Engliſh prize bought by an American) ſailed for N. Carolina, Oct. 4—Left at Port de Paix, trading, the Ranger, Codman, Boſton; Mary, Warner, Norwich; and no others. An Hermophrodite American brig, a prize, was going up as the Caroline came out.

A Packet arrived at the Cape on the 1ſt Oct. in 28 days from France. Nothing certain had tranſpired. Rumor hinted that an accommodation had taken place between France and America. In lat. 38, 58, long. 62, 30, ſpoke brig Eagle, Weeks, who had loſt his main maſt and bowſprit in long. 66, after being out 22 days from Philadelphia for Bilboa; was then returning to Philadelphia to repair damages, but would probably put into Newport or New-York. Capt. Dennis, of Salem, came paſſenger in the Caroline. Privateering from Port de Paix is practiſed with more ſpirit and atrocity than ever. There is, as yet, plenty of proviſions—a conſtant ſupply being derived from piracy. The Mole was evacuated by the Engliſh Oct. 1, and thus the field for French plunder is extended.

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Extract from the log-book of the ſchooner Induſtry, commanded by the Mate, William Barrett, from Martinique.

Sept 17, at 8 P. M. a hurricane drove me to ſea, the captain being on ſhore. The gale continued about 12 hours, and having neither anchors nor boats, and being forced far to leeward—thought beſt to ſteer for Boſton. Next day ſaw a Daniſh brig in great diſtreſs; and ſoon after met with a ſchooner without a perſon on board. Lat. 39, long. 68, ſpoke the brig America, bound to Kennebunk (mentioned in the laſt Mercury.) Next day, ſpoke brig Retrieve, from Trinidad, had loſt her main maſt. Oct. 15, ſpoke the Delaware ſloop of war, capt. Decatur, who gave us a barrel of bread—and offered any thing elſe we wiſhed

☞ *WANTED*
A CARRIER for this Gazette

Macpherſon's Blues.

THE Cavalry, Artillery, and Infantry corps in this city, compoſing Macpherſon's Blues, are ordered to parade at the Centre Square, at Nine o'clock *To morrow* morning, completely equipped.

By order of the Commandant.

THOMAS M'EUEN,
Adjutant, p. t.

Nov. 9.

POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, 9th Nov. 1798.

The Poſt-Office will be removed to its uſual place, No. 34, South Front-ſtreet, on Saturday the 10th inſt. at 12 o'clock noon, and on Monday morning the letter carriers will begin to deliver, in their diſtricts, as formerly.

Nov. 9.

Canal Lottery, No. II.

Will re-commence drawing in the courſe of the preſent month.

TICKETS to be had Eight Dollars each, at WILLIAM BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers office, No. 64 South Second-ſtreet, where check books are kept for regiſtering and examination of Tickets in the above, City of Waſhington and Patterſon Lotteries, &c.

STATE OF THE WHEEL.

One prize of	10,000 dollars	10,000
Five	4,000	20,000
Two	2,000	4,000
Two	1,000	2,000
Ten	500	5,000
Twenty-ſeven	200	5,400

With a full proportion of the one hundred and of the fifty dollar prizes—The Lottery is more than two thirds drawn and above 15,000 dollars richer than at the commencement.

☞ Note, the buſineſs of a Broker duly attended to in all its branches.

nov 9 caw

* * The Public are informed that the Alderman's Court of this City, will renew their ſittings on Thurſday next the 15th of November inſt. at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the City-Hall as uſual.

nov 9 6t

HUDSON & YORKE,
NO. 54, NORTH FRONT STREET,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
Per the laſt arrivals from Europe,
A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
Which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms;
AMONGST WHICH ARE
Superfine and coarſe cloths, coatings,
Elaſtic and fancy do.
Caſſimeres, plains, duffils
Roſe and ſtripe blankets well aſſorted in ſmall bales
Furniture chintzes, cottons and dimeties
Callimancoes, camblets, durants, moreens, and joans
Muſlins of all kinds
Velvets, velverets, thickſetts and fancy cords
An elegant aſſortment of ribbons
Red, white and yellow flannels
Red and green bocking and welſh baizes
An invoice cutlery and hardware
Cotonades, ſhawls, printed handkerchiefs
7 8 4-4 11-8 checks
9-8 & 5 4 cotton ſtripes
Cotton, worſted and ſilk hoſiery
do do Gloves
Threads, bindings, tapes, &c. &c.
nov 9. d18t

Juſt Imported,
A quantity of ſalt-petre refined
Gun powder F and double ſealed battle
Cannon 4 and 6 pounders
London porter and Burton Beer
Muſtard ſquares, 4 ounces
Beſt Durham muſtard
Ginghams, ſubject to drawback
All of which will be ſold on moderate terms by
HENRY DAVIES, junr.
No. 93, ſouth Second ſtreet, oppoſite the city tavern.
nov. 9 mw&f tf

ALL PERSONS,
HAVING claims againſt the ESTATE OF *SUSANNAH LOCKYER*, deceaſed, are requeſted to preſent their reſpective accounts to
NATHAN A. SMITH, } *Acting*
OR } *Executors.*
JOHN DORSEY, }

A LEASE OF THE HOUSE
Lately occupied by *Suſannah Lockyer*, together *with THE STOCK OF GOODS,*
Are to be diſpoſed of——Time will be given for the latter on un-exceptionable ſecurity.
nov 9 tawtw

For Sale, or Charter,
THE SHIP
NEPTUNE,

BURTHEN about two hundred tons, coppered, and in good order for an India voyage. She mounts 14 four pounders, ſails remarkably well—
ALSO,
THE BRIG

JASON,
MOUNTING fourteen 6 pounders, coppered and ſails remarkably faſt—burthen about 1000 barrels.
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
Willings & Francis.
Penn Street.
november 9 d&w

For London,
THE SHIP

JEAN,
Captain DANIEL M'PHERSON,
WILL be ready to take her cargo on board by the 15th inſt.—For terms apply to
Roſs & Simſon.
WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
Superior Teneriffe Wine,
In quarter caſks.
Bengal Sugar, firſt quality, in boxes and bags.
A few bales of Muſlins.
Rice in Tierces,
And a ſmall cargo of St. Martin's SALT.
november 9 dtf

For Sale or Charter,

THE SHIP,
COMMERCE,
JOHN WOOD, maſter.
This ſhip is burthen as per regiſter 230 Tons, will be ſold on moderate terms or take freight for Europe or the Weſt-Indies.
Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's Wharf, or *WILLINGS & FRANCIS.*

FOR SALE,
On board ſaid Ship,
16 Tons of Liverpool houſe Coal.
nov 9 drw

NOTICE

To Owners of CARRIAGES, *and* RETAILERS *of* WINE & SPIRITS.

IN conſequence of the late Epidemic in this City, numbers have neglected to enter their Carriages, alſo the retailers of Wine and Spirits to call and take out their Licences. The returning health of the City, the Office is removed from Germantown to its former place, No. 49 North Third-ſtreet, where thoſe who have neglected muſt call and pay the duty on their Carriages, and thoſe retailers take out their Licences—Their ready compliance will prevent incurring the penalty of the Law.

JAMES ASH, Collector of the 1ſt Survey of the 1ſt Diviſion of Pennſylvania.

Philadelphia, Office of Inſpection } No. 49, North Third-ſtreet. }
nov 9 mw&f3w

John Haines & Wm. Jones,
BEG leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced a Co-partnerſhip in the SADDLING BUSINESS, which will in future be carried on under the firm of
HAINES & JONES,
n Market ſtreet, No. 132, one door above the corner of Fourth,—where they preſume (at leaſt to hope) that their attention to, and knowledge in buſineſs, their determination to ſerve on the beſt terms, and their known attachment as Native Americans to the Government and Conſtitution of their Country, will entitle them to the encouragement of a generous public. Although they cannot boaſt of having acquired their experience in any part of Europe, yet they take the liberty of pledging themſelves, that their manufacture ſhall be inferior to none in this city.
june 26. tuthstf

140

864

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Insurante Company of North America.

For INSURANCE against FIRE, on Dwelling-Houses, Ware Houses, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in such Buildings) distant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Insurances, on hazards of the first class, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous risques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumstances, seldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in some instances, where the property insured is not only in itself extra hazardous, but rendered still more so by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raised according to circumstances.

Houses and Ware-Houses, the walls and partitions of which are wholly of stone or brick, well constructed, so as to be guarded as well as may be against fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the first class, and may be insured to their full value.

Also Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in casks, bales, or packages, deposited in such buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this sum is required to be insured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumstances.

II. Insurances will also be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the risque. But it is not easy to arrange these under particular heads or classes, so as to describe each with the necessary accuracy. Each case must therefore be decided upon according to the circumstances attending it; and these circumstances will, in general, appear from the description accompanying the application.

Buildings partly constructed of brick or stone, are preferable to those wholly wooden. And in both cases, the stile of building, how they are occupied, how they are situated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are considerations to be taken into view. And with respect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are exposed, either to commence or to increase an accidental fire, and their liability in such state to receive damage by wet, or by sudden and hasty removal, or to be stolen in time of confusion and hurry, are all circumstances of weight; and the premiums must be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditions are to be understood by the parties.

1st. The Insurance is not binding till the stipulated premium be paid; but it shall be deemed effectual from the time of such payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately signed or not.

2d. Insurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expense than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumstances continuing the same as they were understood by the Insurers at the time the former insurance was made; but the payment of the premium is essential to such renewal; and if the party insured suffers any time to elapse after the expiration of the former insurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not insured during such time; nor can the insurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former insurance. The subject of insurance may nevertheless be open to treaty for a new insurance.

3d. If any other insurance be made on the same property; it must be made known at the time of application, otherwise the policy made on such application will be void.

4th. Goods held in trust, or on consignment, may be insured as such in a separate policy; but they are not to be considered as insured otherwise.

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loss or damage occasioned by any foreign invasion, or by any military or usurped force or by reason of any civil commotion; or occasioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongst the property insured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promissory Notes, are not included in any insurance; nor are paintings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curiosities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be considered as insured unless particularly mentioned and by special agreement.

7th. No insurance will be made for a shorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than seven years. Persons choosing to insure for seven years shall be allowed one year's premium by way of discount: One third of a years premium shall be abated in like manner on an insurance for three years.

8th. Losses sustained by fire on property insured, shall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A description of the property to be insured will be expected with each application, to be made by a master carpenter and signed by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for insurance, and attested before a Notary or principal Magistrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With respect to Houses and other Buildings.

1st. The site and position; describing the street or road on or near which the building stands; its contiguity to water, and other circumstances relative to the extinguishment of fire in case of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are established, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, stone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outside walls as inside or partition walls, and their respective height and thickness; the style of the roof and of what materials; how secured by battlements or party walls; what kind of access to the top of the house and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of deposit for ashes.

3d. The dimensions of the building and how divided, and the style in which it is finished so as to enable indifferent persons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in case of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling house, or for any other, and for what purpose; also an estimate of the value of the house or building independent of the ground.

4th. The situation with respect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at least one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that distance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwise: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles used, or usually deposited in the house, or within the distance aforesaid, and of what kind.

Respecting *goods* in Houses, Warehouses, &c.

1. A general description of the building in which they are kept will be expected, similar in all respects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Insurance on the buildings themselves.

2. A description of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in casks or other packages, or opened; and whether displayed in whole pieces or in the usual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general estimate of the value of each kind proposed to be insured; but in the last particular minuteness of description is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, rosin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable spirits, sulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind opened.—Glass, china ware or porcelain, especially unpacked; Looking glasses, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by sudden removal or by moistures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters post paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Insurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, it will be answered.

By order of the Board,
EBENEZER HAZARD, *Sec'ry.*

Office of the Insurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798.

Feb. 14. 1amtf

Bank of Pennsylvania,

September 2d, 1798.

WHEREAS the House at present occupied by the Bank of Pennsylvania was entered on the night of the first instant, by some villains, who robbed the institution of sundry Bank Notes, amongst which were the following post notes of the Bank of New-York, viz.

No 1002, dated 23d of August, 1798, *Dolls* issued in favor of Seabring & Van Wyck, for 396 22

No 1003, dated 25th of August, 1798, issued in favor of Montgomery and Newbold for 1250

No 1006, 27th do. do. do. do. 2000
1007, do. do. do. do. 2000
1008, do. do. do. do. 2000
1009, do. do. do. do. 2000
1010, 28th do. do. do. 2000
1011, do. do. do. do. 2000
1012, 30th do. do. do. 1500
1013, do. do. do. do. 1000

Also sundry post notes of the Bank of Pennsylvania, dated 23d July 1797, issued in favor of George Hughes, for one thousand dollars each, and sundry post notes of said Bank, dated 15th of July, 1797, issued in favor of Geo. Hughes, for five hundred dollars each and indorsed by him. The public are hereby cautioned against receiving the said notes, and a reward of *TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS* is hereby offered for the discovery and conviction of the villains who perpetrated or are concerned in the said robbery, in addition to the reward offered by the Governor of the Commonwealth in his Proclamation of this day.

By order of the Board,
JONATHAN SMITH, cashier.

FOR SALE,
The Cargo of the Schr. Sincerity

Benjamin Monteith Master, from Laguira,

CONSISTING OF

945 Fenegas of Cocoa
4000 lb. of Flora Indigo
210 Bales of Cotton
4 Packages of Goat Skins

By *Willings & Francis.*
No. Eleventh-street.

july 2: dtf

Madras and Ventapaulem HANDKERCHIEFS, Searsaukers and Carradarries,

of the newest and most approved patterns, entitled to the drawback, just received,

AND FOR SALE BY

Alex. J. Miller & Co.
No. 64, South Front street.

may 18. §

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from my Detachment at Bordentown this day, a Marine, by name *George Rodman*, a Native of Ireland about 25 years of age five feet eight or nine inches high, dark complection, black hair tied; black eyes well made and quarrelsome, when in liquor is fond of singing—had on a blue seaman's jackett light pantaloons, cotton Stockings, round Hat, and had under his Pantaloons a pair of Nankeen Breeches.

Whoever apprehends and sends the said Deserter to the Marine Camp, shall receive the above Reward.

October 11, 1798 } HENRY A. WILLIAMS, Lt. Marines

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS JAMES CUMMING & Co. late of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, have assigned over all their effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of all their creditors, who shall subscribe the said assignment within six months from the date hereof.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to the Assignees, at their office No. 62, Dock street, in failure whereof action will be instituted for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged accordingly.

John Travis,
John Waddington,
James Taylor,
Cornelius Comegys } Assignees

august 18 mwft1D

Wanted to purchase.

APPROVED bills on Amsterdam, for which cash will be given at the rate of thirty seven cents per Guilder. Apply to the Cashier of the Bank of the United States.

September 22d, 1798.

Mails for South-Carolina & Georgia,

PACKETS are now provided for carrying the Public mails by water between Philadelphia and Charleston. They will leave Philadelphia on Friday's. The post by land will be continued twice a week until an experiment is made in regard to the expedition and regularity of the packets. If any person chuses to have their letters sent by land only, they will please to write the word *Land* upon the letters: otherwise they will be sent by that conveyance which will first start after the letters are left in the post-office.

Joseph Habersham,
Post-Master Gemerl.

Philadelphia, August 13, 1798. §

Pennsylvania Hospital,

9 mo. 1, 1798.

NO person with an infectious disease, can be admitted into this house; it is therefore earnestly recommended to the citizens, not to send or bring any such patient to the gate, who is ill with the prevailing fever. Several persons having been sent here improperly, is the reason of giving this caution.

By Order of the Sitting Managers, } FRANCIS HIGGINS, *Stew'd.*

Bengal Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BANDANNA HANDKERCHIEFS,

Chintz Coffas	Maharazgungy
Chintz Guzzinas,	Tookereys
Eliabad Baftas	Wrought Muslins
Long Drawers	

Coarse Sugars in bags, fit for the European markets

ALSO,

Carolina Indigo
Coffee in hogsheads

A few pipes of very old and very choice Madeira WINE.

For Sale, on reasonable terms, by

John Craig,
No. 12, Dock-street.

july 14 mwstf

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from the Guard House in New Castle, this morning, STEPHEN BOWDEN, a private Marine, belonging to the Frigate United States. He is about 36 years of age, five feet ten inches high, fair complexion, light hair, blue eyes, born in England, and by trade a Bricklayer. Prior to the 5th of June, the date of his enlistment, he resided in Philadelphia, where it is probable he will endeavour to go. Any person who will apprehend the said deserter, and secure him in any jail within the United States, shall be entitled to the above reward.

F. WHARTON, Capt. Marines.

New-Castle, Oct. 8.

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America, passed at Philadelphia the 28th day of May, 1796, laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons, and repealing the former acts for that purpose—That there shall be levied, collected and paid, upon all carriages for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveying of passengers, the several duties and rates following, viz. dolls.

For and upon every coach 15
upon every chariot 12
upon every post chariot 12
upon every post chaise 12
upon every phæton, with or without top 9
upon every coachee 9
upon other carriages, having panne! work above, with blinds, glasses, or curtains 9
upon four-wheel carriages, having frame posts and tops, with steel springs 6
upon four-wheel top carriages, with wooden or iron springs on jacks 3
upon curricles with tops 3
upon chaises with tops 3
upon chairs with tops 3
upon sulkies with tops 3
upon other two wheel top carriages 3
upon two wheel carriages with steel or iron springs 3
For and upon all other two wheel carriages 2
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars 2

The Collector of the revenue of the first division of the first survey of the district of Pennsylvania, will attend daily until the 30th day of September next, for the purpose of receiving the duties on carriages, at Germantown, on the Main street, a little above the sign of the King of Prussia, of which all persons possessed of such carriages are desired to take notice.

Notice is also given,

To all retail dealers in wines and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, that licenses will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of wines in a less quantity, or in less quantities, than 30 gallons—and one licence for carrying on the business of retailing spirituous liquors in less quantities than twenty gallons, at the same time and at the same place, by

JAMES ASH,
Collector of the 1st division of the 1st Survey of the district of Pennsylvania.

Office of Inspection at Germantown, 22d August, 1798.

☞ Every denomination of Stamps to be had at said office.

☞ The Stamp Press is removed to the Office of Inspection in Germantown, on the Main Street, a little above the sign of the King of Prussia,—where attendance will be given for the accommodation of those who wish any instruments stamped, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

ugusta 22

Wants Employment,

A YOUNG MAN, who has served a regular apprenticeship to the mercantile business in this city, wishes to engage in a Counting house or office, writes a good hand and understands accounts, can be well recommended and security given if required. Enquire at the office of this Gazette.

june 21 3awtf

Baskenridge—for sale

IT consists of 920 acres, almost all of which is a fine rich Meadow, (the residence of the late Earl of Sterling). It may be conveniently divided into five farms, four of which are bounded on the East by the river Passaick.

There are on it a number of buildings, forming a square of nearly three acres—The dwelling house is a very convenient one, and a small expence would put it in complete repair.

The orchard consists of 1500 fine bearing engrafted Apple Trees—and there is on other parts of said tract near 300 other Apple Trees—as also a great variety of other fruits, particularly Cherries of the best and most delicious kinds.

Also, a great number of beautiful Exotics and Forest Trees, that add to the beauty and convenience of the place. Its situation is about 18 miles from the towns of Newark and Elizabeth: 10 do. from Morris-Town, and 12 from Springfield—It is wooded and watered.

To save trouble, the price is five pound pr. acre in cash, on delivery of the deeds. Please to enquire of

T. McEUEN & Co.
No. 78, Chesnut treet.

ebruary 2. eodtf

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Atsion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton, Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulter, to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 2awtf

PROCLAMATION.

BY virtue of a precept from JOHN D. COXE, Esquire, president of the court of Oyer and Terminer and general goal delivery for the trial of all capital and other offences in the county of Bucks; and HENRY WYNKOOP and FRANCIS MURRAY, judges of the same court—A court of Oyer and Terminer, and general goal delivery, will be held at Newtown, in the said county of Bucks, on Monday the 5th day of November next. All those who will prosecute against the prisoners in the goal of said county, are required to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just—and all the justices of the peace, coroners and constables, within the said county, are required to be then and there, in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions and examinations and other their remembrances, to do those things which to their offices belong, in that behalf to be done, &c. DANIEL THOMAS, sheriff.

Oct. 4, 1798. 3taw

FOR SALE, BY JOHN MILLER, JUN.

NO. 8, CHESNUT STREET,

100 hogsheads RUM,

Of high proof and fine flavour

july 19

AN ACT

For the relief of the Refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova-Scotia.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled,* That to satisfy the claims of certain persons claiming lands under the resolutions of Congress, of the twenty-third of April, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and the thirteenth of April, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, as refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova-Scotia, the Secretary for the Department of War, be, and is hereby authorized and directed to give notice in one or more of the public papers of each of the States of Vermont, Massachusetts, New-York, New-Hampshire and Pennsylvania, to all persons having claims under the said resolutions, to transmit to the War-office, within two years after the passing of this act, a just and true account of their claims to the bounty of Congress.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That no other persons shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions of this act, than those of the following descriptions, or their widows and heirs, viz. First, those heads of families, and single persons, not members of any such families, who were residents in one of the provinces aforesaid, prior to the fourth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six, and who abandoned their settlements, in consequence of having given aid to the United Colonies or States, in the revolutionary War against Great-Britain, or with intention to give such aid, and continued in the United States, or in their service, during the said war, and did not return to reside in the dominions of the king of Great-Britain, prior to the twenty-fifth of November, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three. Secondly, the widows and heirs of all such persons as were actual residents, as aforesaid, who abandoned their settlements, as aforesaid, and died within the United States, or in their service during the said war: and thirdly, all persons who were members of families at the time of their coming into the United States, and who during the war, entered into their service.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That the proof of the several circumstances necessary to entitle the applicants to the benefits of this act, may be taken before a judge of the supreme or district court of the United States, or a judge of the supreme or superior court, or the first justice or first judge of the court of common pleas or county court of any State.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That at the expiration of fifteen months from and after the passing of this act, and from time to time thereafter, it shall be the duty of the Secretary for the Department of War, to lay such evidence of claims as he may have received, before the Secretary and Comptroller of the Treasury, and with them, proceed to examine the testimony, and give their judgment what quantity of land ought to be allowed to the individual claimants, in proportion to the degree of their respective services, sacrifices and sufferings, in consequence of their attachment to the cause of the United States; allowing to those of the first class a quantity not exceeding one thousand acres; and to the last class, a quantity not exceeding one hundred, making such intermediate classes as the resolutions aforesaid, and distributive justice, may, in their judgment require, and make report thereof, to Congress. And in case any such claimant shall have sustained such losses and sufferings, or performed such services for the United States, that he cannot justly be classed in any one general class, a separate report shall be made of his circumstances, together with the quantity of land that ought to be allowed him, having reference to the foregoing ratio: *Provided,* that in considering what compensation ought to be made by virtue of this act, all grants except military grants, which may have been made by the United States, or individual States, shall be considered at the just value thereof, at the time the same were made, respectively, either in whole or in part, as the case may be, a satisfaction to those who may have received the same: *Provided also,* that no claim under this law, shall be assignable until after report made to Congress, as aforesaid, and until the said lands be granted to the persons entitled to the benefit of this act.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted,* That all claims in virtue of said resolutions of Congress, which shall not be exhibited as aforesaid, within the time by this act limited, shall forever thereafter be barred.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
TH: JEFFERSON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved, April 7, 1798.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

Deposited among the Rolls in the office of the Department of State,
TIMOTHY PICKERING,
Secretary of State.

☞ *Pursuant to the above Act,* Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims under the resolutions of Congress, of the 23d of April, 1783, and the 13th of April, 1785, to transmit to the War-Office within two years after the passing of the said Act, *viz.* the 7th day of April, 1798, a just and true account of their claims to the bounty of Congress.

In the proof of Claims, a strict attention must be paid to the requisitions of the 2d and 3d Sections of the Act.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

july 19 3aw6w

LAMPBLACK.

A quantity of Lampblack was left during the Fever, at the Office of the Gazette of the United States,—supposed through mistake. The owner is requested to call and take it away.

Nov. 3. §

ANOTHER STRONG PROOF

Of the great and unparalleled efficacy of

DR. CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

In the Cure of

Coughs, Colds, Asthmas & Consumptions.

New-York, July 10, 1798.

To DR. CHURCH,

Sir,

For upwards of *Twelve Years,* I have laboured under a severe Cough, shortness of breath spitting of matter from my lungs and often of clotted blood, till at length I was so reduced as to be unable to walk across my room, and owing to the violence of my cough and the shortness of breath could get no rest day or night.—Hearing of your excellent medicine, the Cough Drops, I procured a bottle; I took a dose as soon as I got it, from which I found instantaneous relief, and by continuing it for three days, I bless God I am restored to perfect health. As I believe you to have been the instrument in the hands of Providence, of saving my life, I must intreat you to publish this for the benefit of any who may be in my situation, as I am confident it is one of the best medicines in the world for those complaints.

I am, Sir, your grateful servant
NICHOLAS STAGG,
Little Robinson-street.

CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

Are prepared and sold by the Inventor and sole proprietor, Dr CHURCH, at his Dispensary, Washington-street, New-York, and at his office, No 1, South Third-street, Philadelphia, and sold by appointment at Mr Weedman's 118 William-street, and Stilwell & Deforest, 162 Pearl-street, New-York. Mancius, Albany, Price, Baltimore, Thomas, Alexandria, Wilson, Wilmington, &c. &c.

OBSERVE,

As a counterfeit preparation of this medicine has been industriously circulated through some of the principal cities in the United States, persons are requested to purchase them of such persons only as have Dr Church's appointment for vending the same. Powers, Roughkeepsie—Chappel, Head of Elk—Bond and Co. Newcastle—Heinitsh, Lancaster—Blauvelt, Brunswick (N. J.) Gordon, Trenton, &c.

☞ Patients letters (Post paid) addressed to Dr Church, New-York, duly attended to.

august 20 2aw3w

This Day Published,

And for sale at the Office of the Editor, No. 119 Chesnut-street,

(Price 1-8th of a Dollar,)

AN ORATION,

Pronounced July 4, 1798,

At the request of the Inhabitants of the Town of *BOSTON,* in commemoration of the anniversary of American Independence.

By JOSIAH QUINCY.

"The inroads upon our public liberty, call for reparation—The wrongs we have sustained, call for—*Justice.* That Reparation and that Justice, may yet be obtained, by *Union, Spirit,* and *Firmness.* But to *divide* and *conquer* was the maxim of the Devil in the garden of Eden, and to *disunite* and *enslave* hath been the principle of all *his* votaries from that period to the present."

Observations on the Boston Port-Bill, &c. p. 78 by the late J. Quincy, jun.

august 11

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of Congress, so much of the act entituled "An Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, and Indents of Interests, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said Certificates, and Indents of Interest, at the Treasury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the said Indents, and the arrearages of interest due on their said Certificates, prior to the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal sums of the said Loan Office and final settlement Certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, will be discharged after liquidation at the Treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said Certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the Acts making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

june 28 1awtf

HEALTH OFFICE.

Philadelphia, 1st May, 1798.

Extract of an act to alter and amend the Health Laws of this Commonwealth, passed 4th April 1798.

Sect. 8. AND be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every housekeeper within the city of Philadelphia, the townships of the Northern Liberties and Moyamensing, and district of Southwark, within a mile of the limits of the city, taking in boarders arriving by sea or by land, from any foreign port or place, and having any boarder in his or her family, who shall be taken sick or any disease whatsoever, between the first day of May and the first day of November in any year, within twenty days next after such boarder shall come to lodge in his or her house, shall within 24 hours next after the knowledge of such sickness, make report at the Health-Office of the name of such sick person, the time of his or her arrival at the house and of his or her being taken sick, and of the name and place of abode of such housekeeper; whereupon the Physician of the Health-Office shall forthwith visit the patient, and report to the office his opinion of the nature of such disease, that measures may be taken to prevent the spreading of the infection; and if any housekeeper shall neglect to give information in the manner and within the time aforesaid, and shall be thereof convicted, in any court of criminal jurisdiction within this Commonwealth upon indictment by verdict or confession, he or she shall forfeit and pay a fine to the use of the said hospital, not less than twenty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, to be imposed at the discretion of the court, according to the circumstances of greater or less aggravation attending each particular case.

By order of the Board of Health,
WM. ALLEN, Health Officer,
of the Port of Philadelphia.

1aw3m